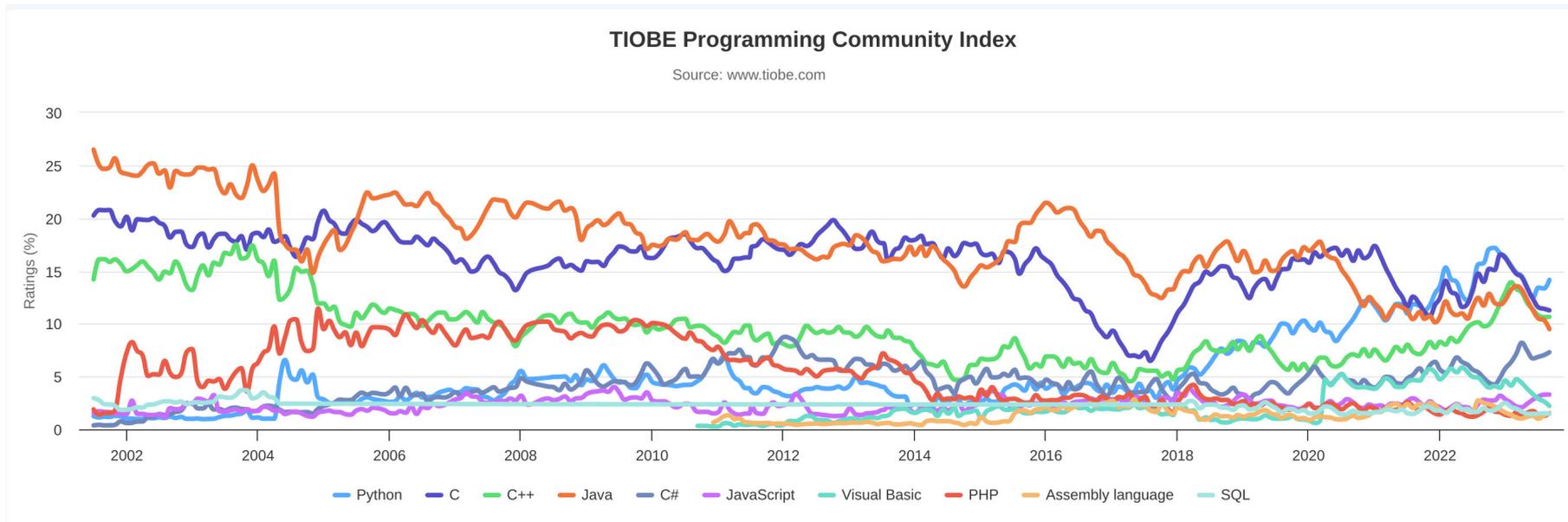


COMP26020 Programming Languages and Paradigms -- Part 1

Introduction to C

C: Origin and Popularity

- C was designed in the 70s by Dennis Ritchie



Still very popular today!

C: Characteristics

- **Pros:**
 - Syntax
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 - Controlled memory footprint
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Still extensively used in: systems software, high performance computing, embedded systems, etc.

Popular Software Written in C



Linux

iOS



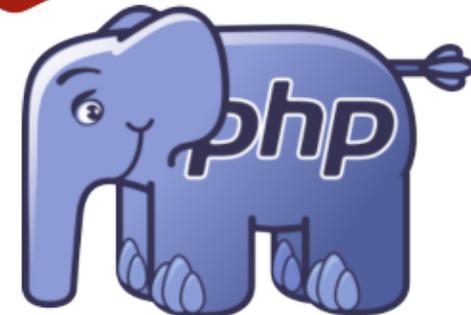
APACHE



git



redis



Hello World

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    printf("hello, world!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

[03-c-introduction/hello-world.c](#)

Assuming the code is in `hello-world.c`, to compile and run on the Linux command line:

```
$ gcc hello-world.c -o hello
$ ./hello
hello, world!
```

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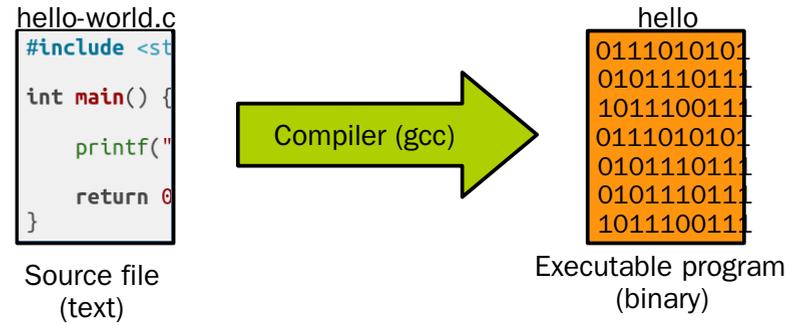
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- `main` will run first when the program is executed
 - It returns an integer (`int`) and takes no parameters
 - Contains two statements, in C statements ends with `;`
- `printf` used to print text on the *standard output* (console)
- `return` to go back to the calling context, and exit if returning from `main`

Compilation



```
$ gcc hello-world.c -o hello
```

Compilation

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    printf("hello, world!\n");

    return 0;
}
```

Compilation

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
nt main() {  
    printf("hello, world!\n");  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
$ gcc hello-world.c -o hello  
hello-world.c:3:1: error: unknown type name 'nt'; did you mean 'int'?  
  3 | nt main() {  
    | ^~  
    | int
```

Compilation

```
#include <stdio.h>

nt main() {
    printf("hello, world!\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
$ gcc hello-world.c -o hello
hello-world.c:3:1: error: unknown type name 'nt'; did you mean 'int'?
  3 | nt main() {
    | ^~
    | int
```

Multiple issues? fix them in the order they are reported

Compilation: Warning and Errors

- Errors are unrecoverable
- Warnings *may* indicate a problem

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int x;
    printf("hello, world!\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
gcc -Wall hello-world.c -o hello
hello-world.c: In function 'main':
hello-world.c:4:9: warning: unused variable 'x' [-Wunused-variable]
    int x;
        ^
```

Compilation: Warning and Errors

- Errors are unrecoverable
- Warnings *may* indicate a problem

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int x;
    printf("hello, world!\n");

    return 0;
}
```

```
gcc -Wall hello-world.c -o hello
hello-world.c: In function 'main':
hello-world.c:4:9: warning: unused variable 'x' [-Wunused-variable]
    int x;
        ^
```

- **Warnings almost always indicate a problem and you should fix them**
- Some warnings (picky ones) are disabled by default, enable them with the `-Wall -pedantic` flags

Comments

```
/* listing2.c, illustrate the use of comments */  
  
#include <stdio.h> // necessary to get access to printf  
  
/* this function simply prints out 'hello world' and returns */  
int main() {  
  
    printf("hello, world!\n"); // here we print ...  
  
    /* the line below will not be compiled: */  
    // printf("goodbye!\n");  
  
    return 0;           /* ... and return */  
}
```

[@3-c-introduction/comments.c](#) 

```
/* style 1 */  
// style 2
```

Use comments to explain what your code does, uncommented code is hard to understand

Summary

- Brief intro to C
 - Hello world
 - Compilation process
 - Comments
-

Feedback form: <https://bit.ly/3yzIVIs>

